

Hallig Hooge - Nordfriesland

Country: Germany

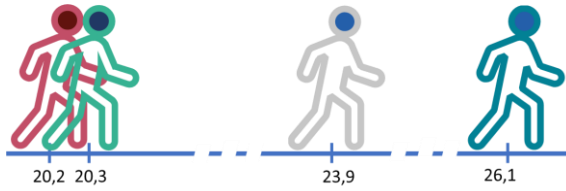
Urban-rural typology: Rural region (rural population is more than 50% of the total population)

Total population (2016): 109 inhabitants

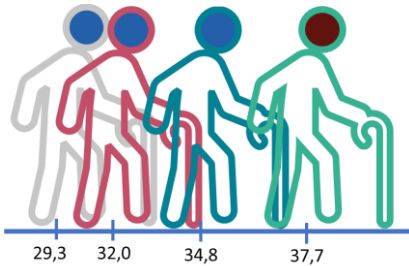
Population density (2016): 18,9 inhab./ km²



Youth dependency ratio



Elderly dependency ratio



2016 value

Case study
MAMBA average
National average
EU average

2011-2016 change

Increase
Decrease

The dependency ratio is a measure of the population structure. It provides a ratio of the population not in the labour force ("the dependent part", ages 0 to 14 and 65 and more) and the population typically in the labour force (ages 15 to 64). The two age dependency ratios are commonly used to measure the pressure on productive population.



Mini Survey on Accessibility

Text scaled in relation to the rating of the factor (1-3).
Quotes in red

What are the challenges related to distance?

Services for the elderly

Youth activities

What are the challenges related to public transport system?

Keeping ticket prices down

Maintaining high regional geographic coverage

What are the challenges related to private vehicle transport?

"there are no answers"

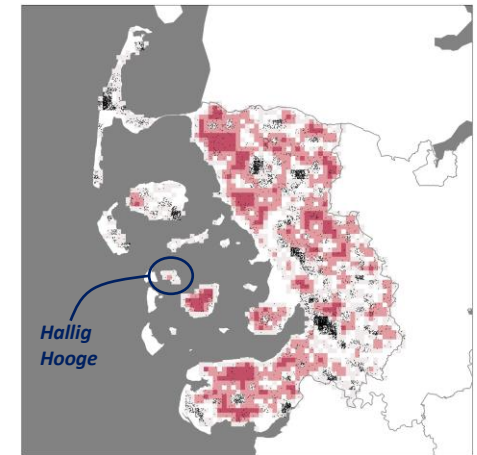
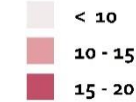
Survey to regional partners September 2019, SurveyMonkey.

View complete results at: <https://www.surveymonkey.com/results/SM-PF3NHPgVL/>

Population clusters
(1 dot = 20 people)

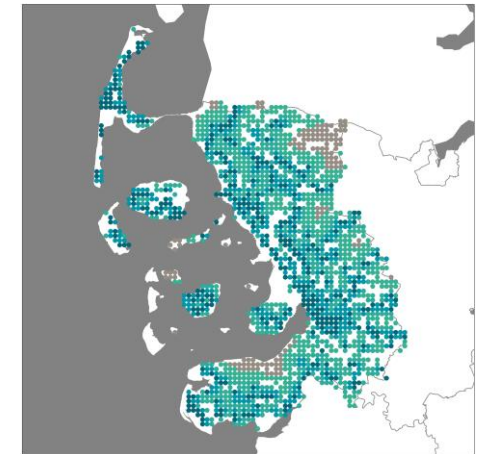
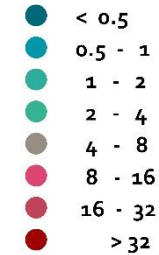
Contiguous areas of low dense population.

km²



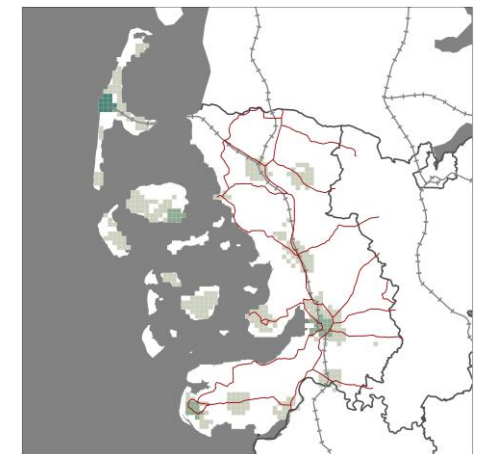
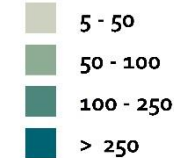
'Bee-line' distance to public transport stop.

km



Number of facilities within 2 km.

Frequency



Map data sources: OpenStreetMap; Eurostat/Geostat 2011.

Background documentation for the measures used, as well as high resolution pdf versions of the maps are found at www.mambaproject.eu/products/